

1. EXERCISES

- (1) Prove Theorem 15 by induction using the recurrence for $S(n, k)$ that is prove $\sum_{k=0}^n S(n, k)x^k = x^n$.
- (2) Prove $s_1(n, k) = -(n-1)s_1(n-1, k) + s_1(n-1, k-1)$, $k, n \in \mathbb{N}^*$ where $s_1(n, k)$ are the Stirling numbers of the first kind.
- (3) Prove $c(n, k) = (-1)^{n-k}s_1(n, k)$.
- (4) Prove $c(n, k) = (n-1)c(n-1, k) + c(n-1, k-1)$, $k, n \in \mathbb{N}^*$ where $c(n, k)$ are the unsigned Stirling numbers of the first kind.