

Exercises discussed on January 8, 2013

39. Determine all polynomial solutions of the recurrence

$$(4n + 9)a(n) - 4(n + 1)a(n + 1) + 3a(n + 2) = 0, \quad a(0) = -1, a(1) = 0.$$

40. Implement a program in your favourite computer algebra system that sums a given polynomial sequence using

(a) falling factorial representation.

(b) interpolation (you may use built-in commands to execute the interpolation, e.g., in Mathematica the command `InterpolatingPolynomial`).

Compute some test cases, in particular compare the timings for the sparse and dense polynomial given in `testcases.m`.

41. Express $s_n = \sum_{k=0}^n a_k$ in terms of a_n, a_{n+1}, \dots , where the sequence $(a_n)_{n \geq 0}$ is given by the recurrence

$$a_{n+4} - a_{n+3} - 3a_{n+2} + 5a_{n+1} - 2a_n = 0, \quad a_0 = 3, a_1 = -4, a_2 = 9, a_3 = -12.$$

42. Express $s_n = \sum_{k=0}^n a_k$ in terms of a_n, a_{n+1}, \dots , where the sequence $(a_n)_{n \geq 0}$ is given by the recurrence

$$a_{n+2} + a_{n+1} - 6a_n = 0, \quad a_0 = 1, a_1 = -1.$$

Enjoy the vacations and Happy New Year!