

**Logic 1, WS 2004. Homework 1, given Oct 07, due Oct 14**

1. Read carefully the first chapter of the script and write a question or a negative comment related to this chapter.
2. In the definition given during the lecture for the language of propositional logic as a set, express formally the last statement (“ $\mathcal{F}$  is the smallest set which has the above properties”).
3. Write the grammar (in the sense of formal language theory) which generates the language of propositional logic over the propositional variables  $A, B, C$ .
4. Prove:  
**For any** propositional formulae  $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n, \psi$ ,  
**if**  $\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \wedge \dots \wedge \varphi_n \models \psi$  **then**  $(\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \wedge \dots \wedge \varphi_n) \Rightarrow \psi$  is valid
5. Prove:  
**For any** propositional formulae  $\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \dots, \varphi_n, \psi$ ,  
 $\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \wedge \dots \wedge \varphi_n \models \psi$  **if and only if**  $\varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \wedge \dots \wedge \varphi_n \wedge \neg\psi$  is inconsistent.