Automated Reasoning Systems

Finite Models and Counterexamples: Mace4

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Mace4

- A program that searches finite models
- Author: Bill McCune
- ► Theory: First-order logic with equality
- Can serve as a complement of Prover9, looking for counterexamples before (or at the same time as) using Prover9 to search for a proof.
- Implemented in C.
- Web page: http://www.cs.unm.edu/~mccune/mace4/

What Mace Does

- 1. Mace4 produces interpretations which are models of the input formulas.
- 2. The interpretations have finite domain.
- 3. By default, Mace4 starts searching for a structure of domain size 2, and then it increments the size until it succeeds or reaches some limit.

How Mace Works

- 1. Fixed domain size, say n. The members of the domain are named $\{0, \ldots, n-1\}$.
- 2. Tables for the function and predicate symbols are set up.
- 3. All ground instances of the input clauses (over the domain) are generated.
- 4. In a systematic way, a recursive backtracking procedure fills in the cells of the tables and uses the ground clauses to propagate the effects of the assignments
- 5. When contradictions are encountered, backtracking occurs, the propagations and assignments are undone, and other assignments are attempted.
- 6. If all the tables become full, with no contradictions, a model has been found.
- 7. If Mace4 is iterating through domain sizes, this procedure applies, separately, to each domain size.

Running Mace4

- 1. Prepare the input file containing the logical specification of a conjecture and the search parameters.
- 2. Issue a command that runs Mace4 on the input file and produces an output file.
- Look at the output.
- 4. If a model is found, be happy.
- 5. If no model found, try either to increase the domain size, or run Prover9 to find a contradiction.

How to Run Mace4

From the command line:

```
Pun: mace4 -f inputfile
  or mace4 -f inputfile > outputfile
  or mace4 < inputfile
  or mace4 < inputfile > outputfile
```

If the input file contains commands that Mace4 does not understand (e.g., Prover9 commands), use the option -c to ignore them:

```
mace4 -c -f inputfile > outputfile
```

Help:

```
mace4 -help
```

Using GUI.

Syntax

- ▶ The same as for Prover9.
- Mace preprocesses the input also in the same way as Prover9.

Syntax

Example (to compute a counterexample for the goal):

```
formulas(assumptions).
    E * x = x.
    x' * x = E.
    (x * y) * z = x * (y * z).
end_of_list.

formulas(goals).
    A * B = B * A.
end_of_list.
```

Syntax

Example (to compute a model of the input clauses):

```
clauses(sos).
   E * x = x.
   x' * x = E.
   (x * y) * z = x * (y * z).
   A * B != B * A.
end_of_list.
```